Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, 2004

California--state government

	Percent of cases involving								
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total [10,850 cases]	100.0	9.6	6.5	20.1	10.0	10.9	7.5	35.6	14
Management occupations	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	 13.3 8.0	 6.1 8.0 9.3 8.8 5.6 5.3	12.1 13.0 20.0 33.3 20.6 22.2 23.7	 13.3 11.1 18.5 6.9 11.7	 12.1 9.3 9.8 14.2 15.8	 6.1 16.7 8.0 9.3 23.5 4.7	50.0 45.5 26.7 64.8 40.0 18.5 30.4 30.0 52.6	26 20 3 7 64 19 6 21 10 31
and maintenance occupations	100.0 100.0 	10.3	6.9 	13.8 	12.1 	13.8 	8.6 	34.5 	14 11
Office and administrative support occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production occupations	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	16.1 	7.5 7.7 	26.1 5.9 12.5	8.1 12.5	5.6 7.7 17.6	7.5 	29.8 42.3 63.2 37.5	6 6 21 31 15
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0			26.1				39.1	6

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.